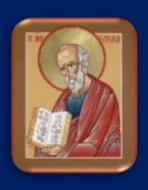


2 Timothy Introduction

The Call to Christian Perseverance

Answering Nine Questions



- 1) Who wrote it? Paul
- 2) What do we know about the author? An Apostle
- 3) To whom was it written? Timothy
- 4) When was it written? A.D. 67
- 5) Where was it written from? Rome
- 6) Why was it written? Timothy's timidity
- 7) What is it about? Perseverance
- 8) What is inside (outline)? 4 part outline
- 9) What makes the book different? Paul's final word

- 1. General call to faithful endurance in the ministry (chapter 1)
- 2. Ten metaphors describing what faithful endurance looks like (chapter 2)
- 3. What to do in the midst of the coming apostasy (3:1–4:8)
- 4. How God met six needs in Paul's life (4:9-22)

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2 Timothy 2

Ten Metaphors Illustrating Endurance

Ten Metaphors

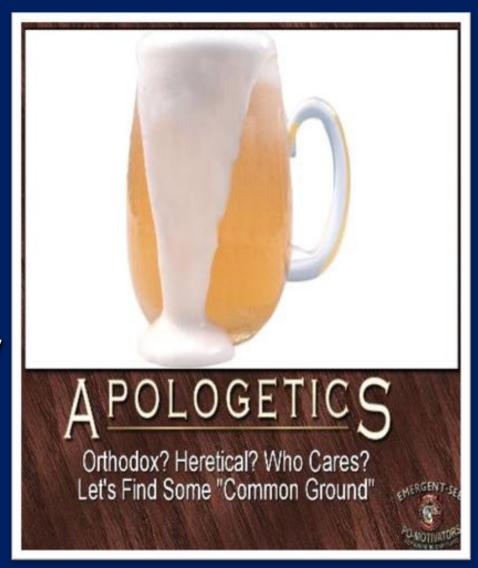
- Teacher (2:2)
- Soldier (2:3-4)
- Athlete (2:5)
- Farmer (2:6)
- Christ (2:7-8)
- Paul (2:9-10)
- Trustworthy statement (2:11-13)
- Workman (2:14-18)
- Vessel (2:19-23)
- Servant (2:24-26)



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Definition of Apostasy

- apos = away from
- histēmi = to stand
- Apostasy = to stand away from
- Apostasy = a departure from known (or previously embraced) truth



- The Apostasy (3:1-9)
 - A. The evil (3:1-7)
 - B. The examples (3:8-9)
- II. The Antidote (3:10–4:8)
 - A. Paul's example (3:10-13)
 - B. Preach the Word (3:14–4:8)

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B. Paul' Example (3:10-13)

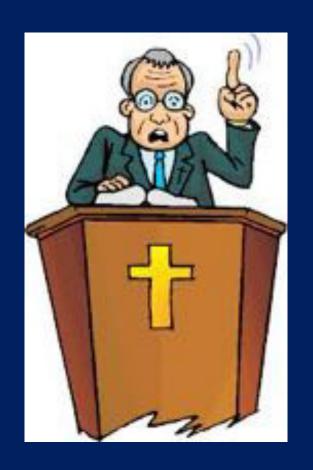
- 1. Paul's ministry (10a)
- 2. Paul's character (10b
- 3. Paul's difficulties (11-13)



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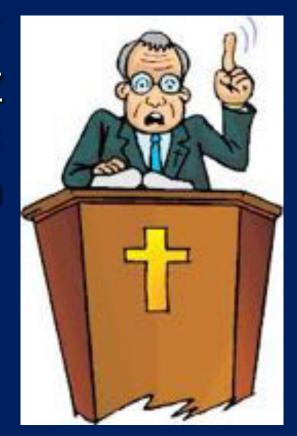
Emergent: Preaching

"At Solomon's porch, sermons are not primarily about my extracting truth from the Bible to apply to people's lives...So our sermons are not lessons that precisely define **belief** so much as they are stories that welcome our hopes and ideas and participation" (Italics added).



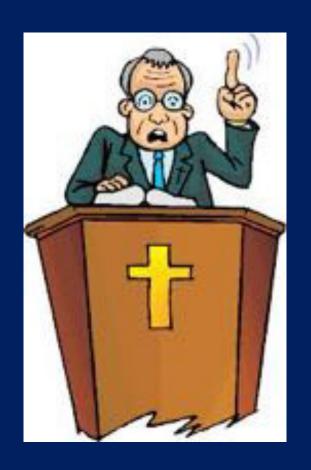
Emergent: Preaching

"It <u>isn't</u> about clever apologetics or careful <u>exegetical or expository</u> <u>preaching</u>... Emerging generations are hungering to <u>experience</u> God in worship" (Italics added).



Emergent: Preaching

"A spiritual Tsunami has hit postmodern culture. The wave will build without breaking for decades to come. The wave is this: People want to *know* God. They want *less* to know about God ...they want new *experiences*, especially new experiences of the divine" (Italics added).



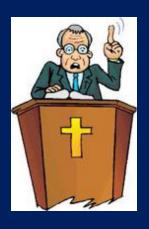
Leonard Sweet, Soul Tsunami, 420.

Emergent: Doctrine



"...something beyond a belief system or doctrinal array or even a practice. I mean an attitude—an attitude toward God and our neighbor and our mission that is passionate."

Emergent: Slogans



- "Don't give me doctrine, just give me Jesus."
- "What really matters is Christ not creed."
- "Devotion is important and not doctrine."
- "What counts is our behavior, and not our beliefs."

Most of these slogans were originally accumulated in Henry Holloman, "Prolegomena, Bibliology, and Theology (Part 1)" (unpublished class notes in TTH511 Theology I, Talbot Theological Seminary, Spring 1998), 9.

Emergent: Guru Rick Warren



- "God won't ask you about your religious background or doctrinal views."
- "Jesus said our love for each other not our doctrinal beliefs - is our greatest witness to the world."
- "Today many assume that spiritual maturity is measured by the amount of biblical information and doctrine you know."

Emergent: Guru Rick Warren

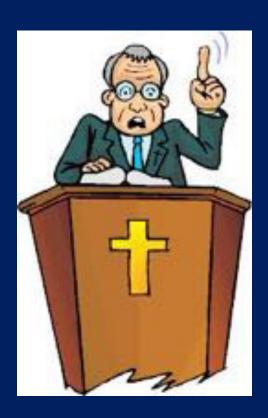


- "The Bible is far more than a doctrinal guidebook."
- "The <u>last thing</u> many believers need today is to go to another <u>Bible study</u>. They already know far more than they are putting into practice."
- "My pastor has been in Daniel's seventy weeks longer than Daniel was!"

Purpose Driven Life 186, 231; Purpose Driven Church 300

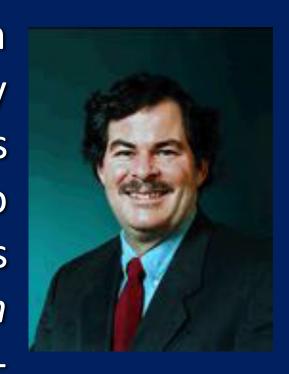
Biblical: Preaching

- Biblical priority of preaching —Acts 2:42; 2 Tim 3:15—4:2; Matt 4:4; Neh 8; 2 Kgs 22
- New dark ages?



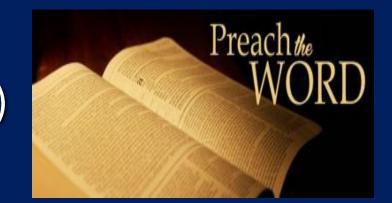
Emphasis of 2 Timothy

"By my count, there are twenty-seven explicit commands given in the body of this letter. In 27 words Paul tells pastors what to focus on. You have to be blind to miss the thrust of Paul's instructions here, because eighteen of those commands--fully two-thirds-have to do with the ministry of the Word."



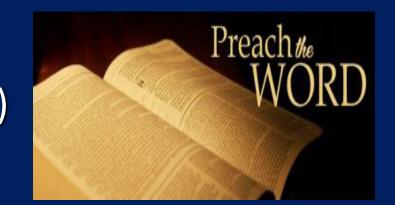
Daniel Wallace, "Crisis of the Word: A Message to Pastors or Would-be Pastors," Conservative Theological Journal 1, no. 2 (August 1997): 108.

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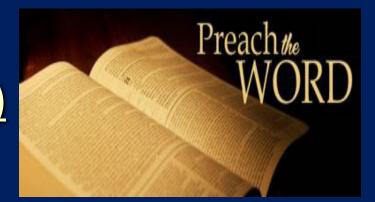
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"Believe" Defined

pisteuō..."to believe," also "to be <u>persuaded</u> of," and hence, "to place <u>confidence</u> in, to <u>trust</u>," signifies, in this sense of the word, <u>reliance</u> upon, not mere credence. It is most frequent in the writings of the apostle John, especially the Gospel. He does not use the noun...Of the writers of the Gospels...uses of the verb...John <u>ninety-nine</u>.

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INSPIRATION OF SCRIPTURE

2 Peter 2:20-21

- Men Wrote as they were inspired by Holy Spirit "phero" = to carry Acts 27:15,17
- Opposite of Knowledge of False Teachers

◆ Which is their own imagination

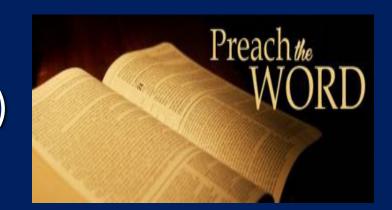
◆ Jer. 23:16



Author	Date Written	Earliest MSS	Time Span	No. MSS
Caesar	100-44 sc	AD 900	1,000 yrs	10
Plato	427-347 sc	900 AD	1,200 yrs	7
Thucydides	460-400 pc	AD 900	1,300 yrs	
Tacitus	AD 100	AD 1100	1,000 yrs	20
Suntonius	AD 75-160	AD 950	800 yrs	
Homer (Iliad)	900 sc	400 sc	500 yrs	643
New Testament	AD 40-100	AD 125	25-50 yrs	>24,000

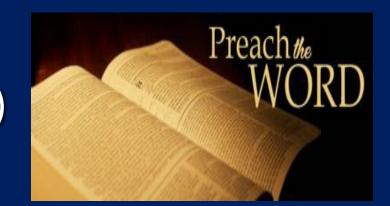
http://creationrevolution.com/2012/05/should-we-trust-the-bible/

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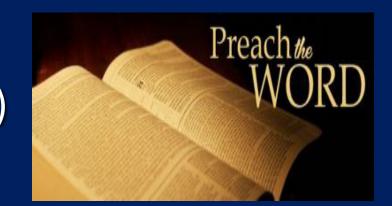
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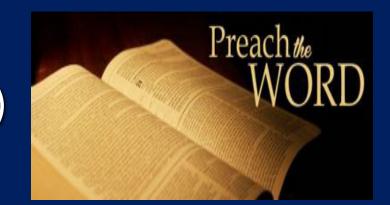
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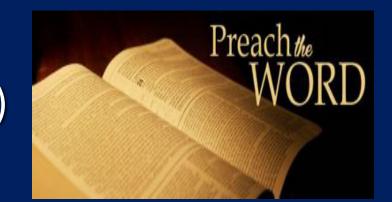
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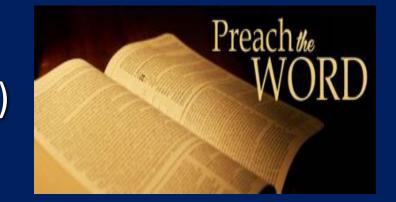
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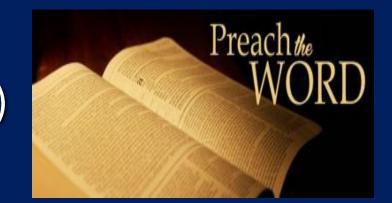
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"The LORD bless you and keep you; the LORD make his face shine on you and be gracious to you; the LORD turn his face toward you and give you peace." (NIV)