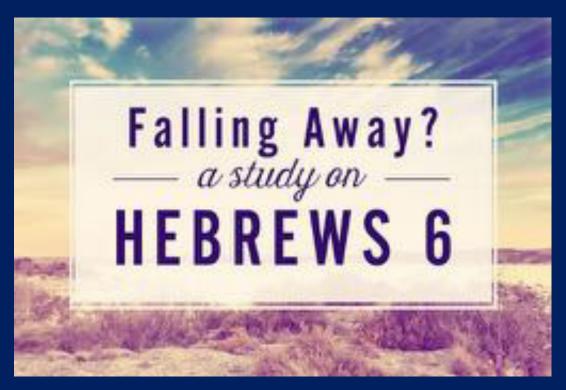
Soteriology Session 43



Dr. Andy Woods

Senior Pastor – Sugar Land Bible Church Adjunct Professor of Bible & Theology – College of Biblical Studies



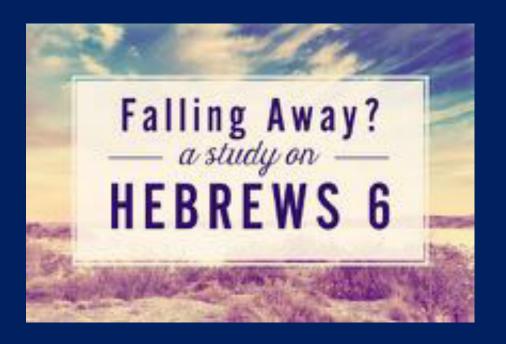
Dr. Andy Woods

Hebrews 6:4-6 (NASB)

⁴ For in the case of those who have once been enlightened and have tasted of the heavenly gift and have been made partakers of the Holy Spirit, ⁵ and have tasted the good word of God and the powers of the age to come, ⁶ and then have fallen away, it is impossible to renew them again to repentance, since they again crucify to themselves the Son of God and put Him to open shame.

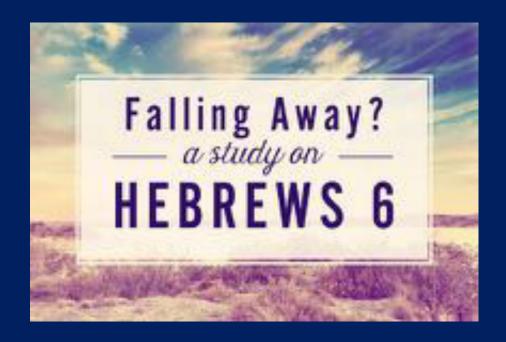
4 Views on Warning Passages

- Calvinism/Reformed
- Arminianism
- Hypothetical
- Loss of blessings



4 Views on Warning Passages

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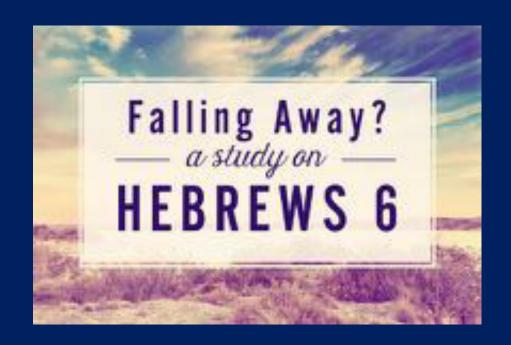




Kadesh Barnea Paradigm

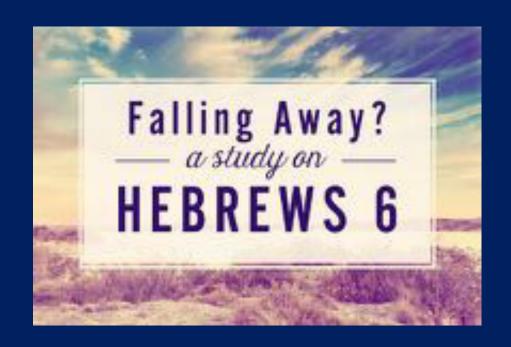
	Kadesh Barnea	Hebrews
Source of fear:	Giants	Unbelieving Jews
Disobedience:	Occupy Canaan	Do not lapse back into Judaism
Consequence:	Loss of Canaan	Loss of maturity; divine discipline

- I. The Exodus Generation
 - A. Believing status
 - B. Loss of Canaan
- II. The Hebrews
 - A. Believing status
 - B. Loss of blessings
- III. Inadequate alternatives
 - A. Calvinism/Reformed
 - B. Arminianism
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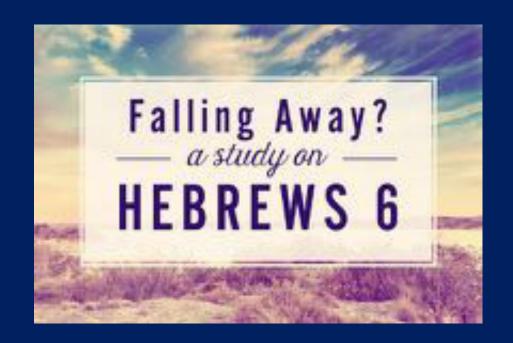


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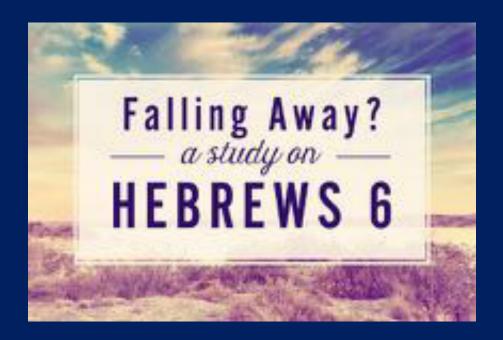
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A. Believing status

1. Old Testament

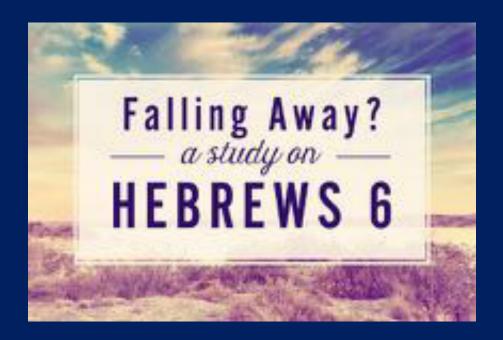
2. New Testament



A. Believing status

1. Old Testament

2. New Testament



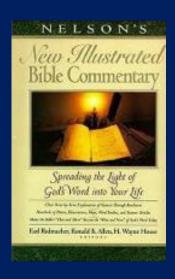




Exodus 14:30-31 (NASB)

Thus the LORD saved Israel that day from the hand of the Egyptians, and Israel saw the Egyptians dead on the seashore. ³¹ When Israel saw the great power which the LORD had used against the Egyptians, the people feared the LORD, and they believed in the LORD and in His servant Moses."

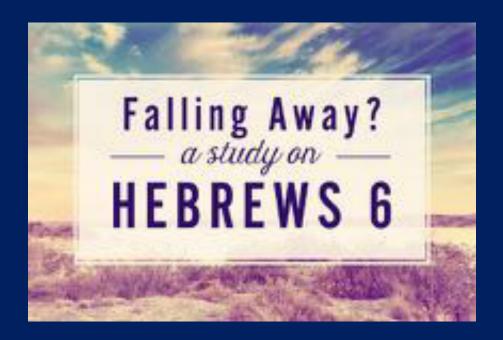
Exodus 14:31



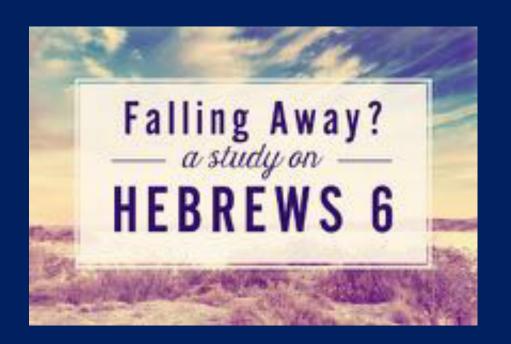
"When we read so the people feared the Lord and the words that follow, we are meant to understand that the community had come to saving faith and so were a reborn people. They believed the Lord (the same wording used of Abraham's saving faith in Gen. 15:6; read Paul's comments in Rom. 4)...The people were transformed spiritually even as they were delivered physically."

A. Believing status

- 1. Old Testament
- 2. New Testament



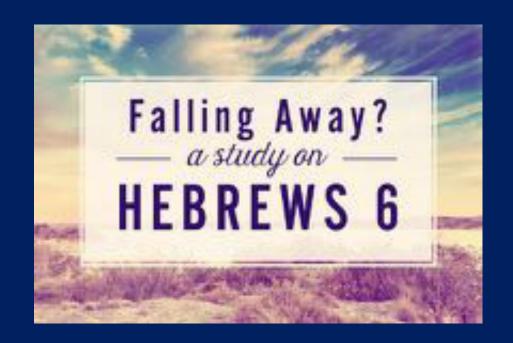
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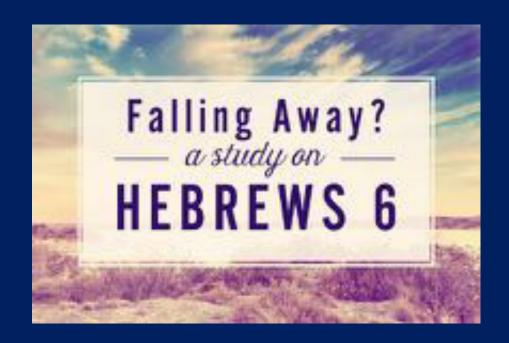
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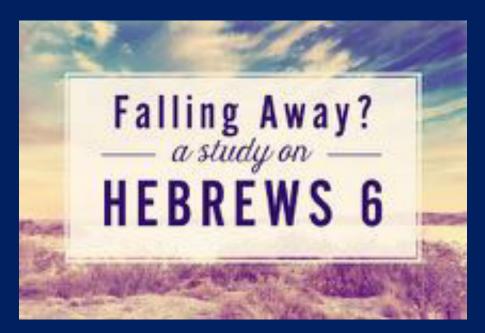
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A. Believing status

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- 2. Preceding context
- 3. Immediate context

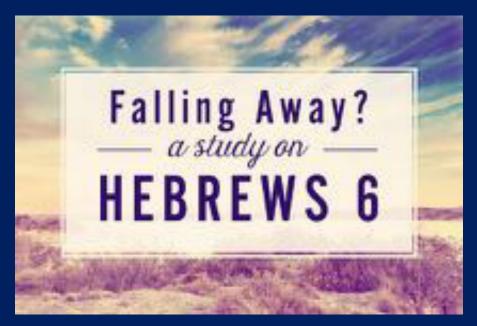
4. Subsequent context



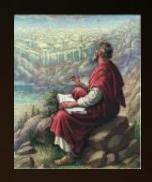
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4. Subsequent context



John 20:30-31 (NASB)



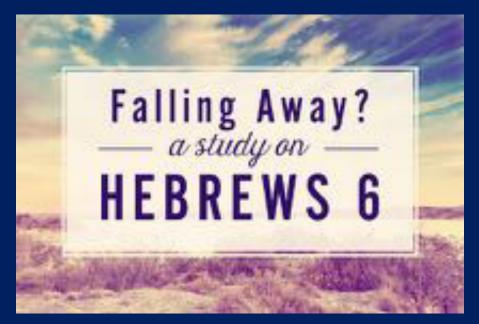
"Therefore many other <u>signs</u> Jesus also performed in the presence of the disciples, which are not written in this book; ³¹ but these have been written so that you may <u>believe</u> that <u>Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God</u>; and that <u>believing</u> you may have <u>life</u> in His name."



A. Believing status

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- 2. Preceding context
- 3. Immediate context

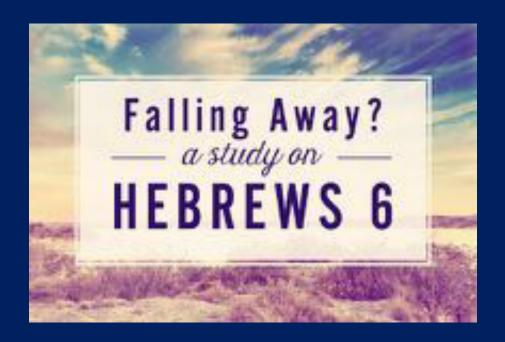
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2. Preceding Context

1. Hebrews 5:11-14

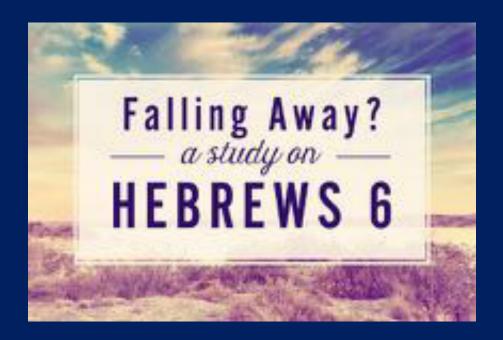
2. Hebrews 6:1-3



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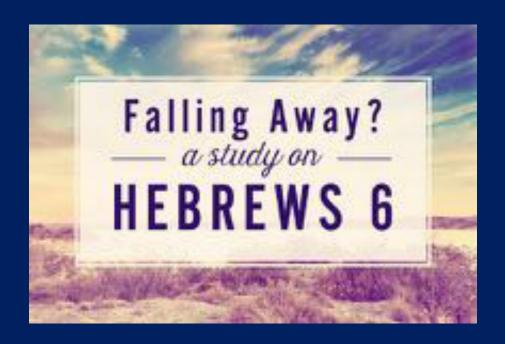
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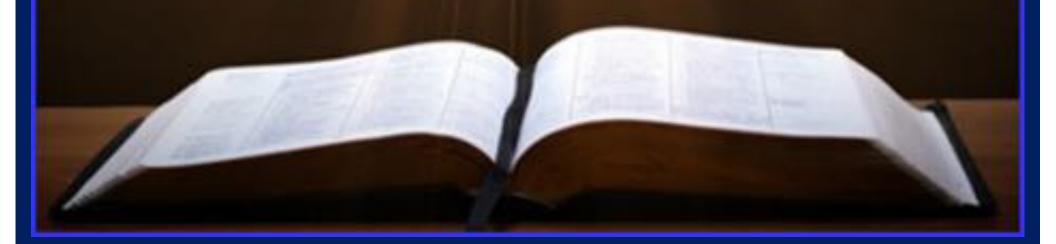
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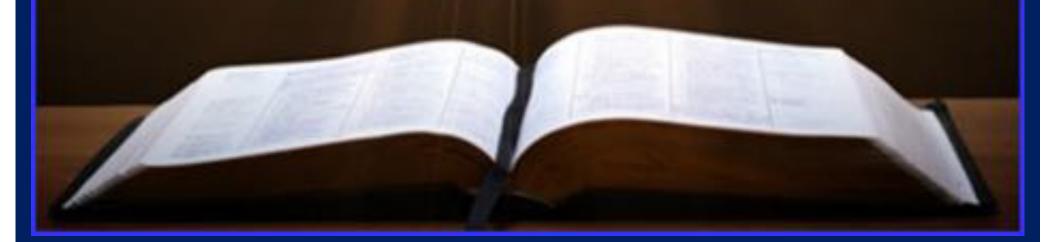
Heb. 6:1-3 (NASB)

¹ Therefore leaving the elementary teaching about the Christ, let us press on to maturity, not laying again a foundation of repentance from dead works and of faith toward God, ² of instruction about washings and laying on of hands, and the resurrection of the dead and eternal judgment. ³ And this we will do, if God permits.



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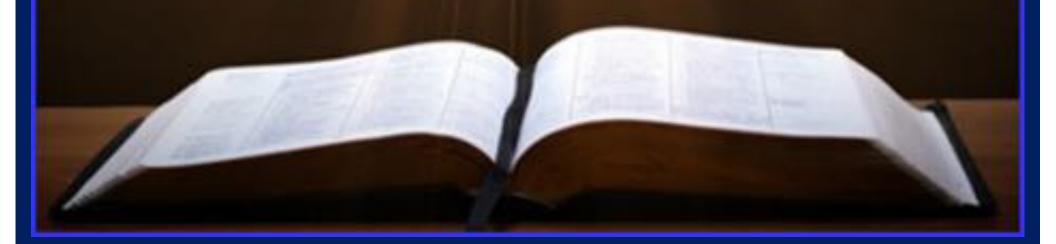
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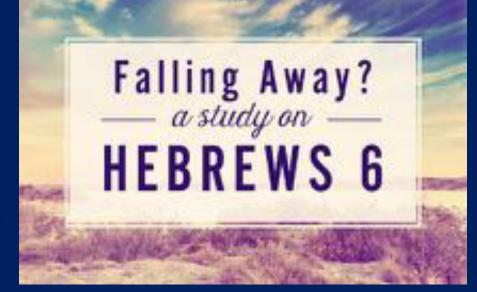
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A. Believing status

- 1. Extended context
- 2. Preceding context
- 3. Immediate context



4. Subsequent context

For in the case of those who have once been enlightened and have tasted of the heavenly gift and have been made partakers of the Holy Spirit, 5 and have tasted the good word of God and the powers of the age to come, ⁶ and then have fallen away, it is impossible to renew them again to repentance, since they again crucify to themselves the Son of God and put Him to open shame.



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Rest of the New Testament Other Type of Text or Same Took Same Book Book Same Book Egediate Conne Word GRASPING GOD'S WORD CONTEXT

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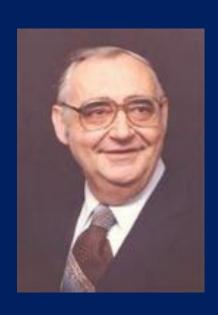


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Dr. Roger R. Nicole

Professor Emeritus - Gordon-Conwell Theological Seminary



"The most immediate impulse would be to interpret this cluster of statements as describing regenerate persons."

R. Nicole, "Some Comments on Hebrews 6:4-6 and the Doctrine of the Perseverance of God with the Saints," in *Current Issues in Biblical and Patristic Interpretation*, ed. G.G. Hawthorne (Grand Rapids: Eerdmans, 1975), 356.

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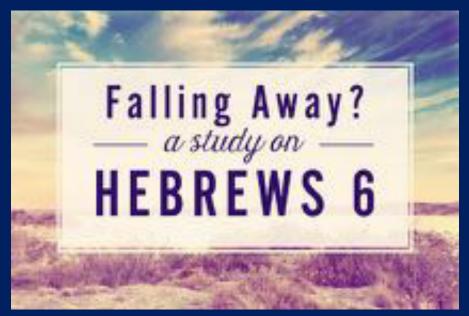


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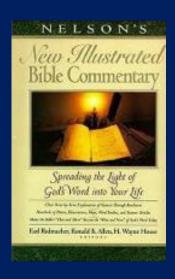




Exodus 14:30-31 (NASB)

Thus the LORD saved Israel that day from the hand of the Egyptians, and Israel saw the Egyptians dead on the seashore. ³¹ When Israel saw the great power which the LORD had used against the Egyptians, the people feared the LORD, and they believed in the LORD and in His servant Moses."

Exodus 14:31



"When we read so the people feared the Lord and the words that follow, we are meant to understand that the community had come to saving faith and so were a reborn people. They believed the Lord (the same wording used of Abraham's saving faith in Gen. 15:6; read Paul's comments in Rom. 4)...The people were transformed spiritually even as they were delivered physically."



Six Parts of a Suzerain-Vassal Treaty in Deuteronomy

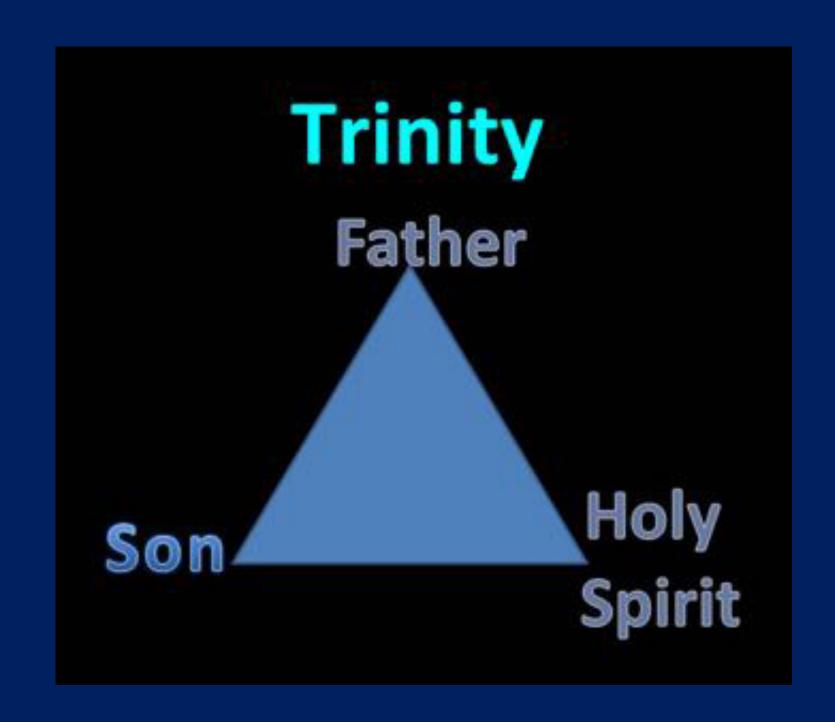
- Preamble (1:1-5)
- Prologue (1:6–4:40)
- Covenant obligations (5–26)



- Witnesses (32:1)
- Blessings and curses (28)











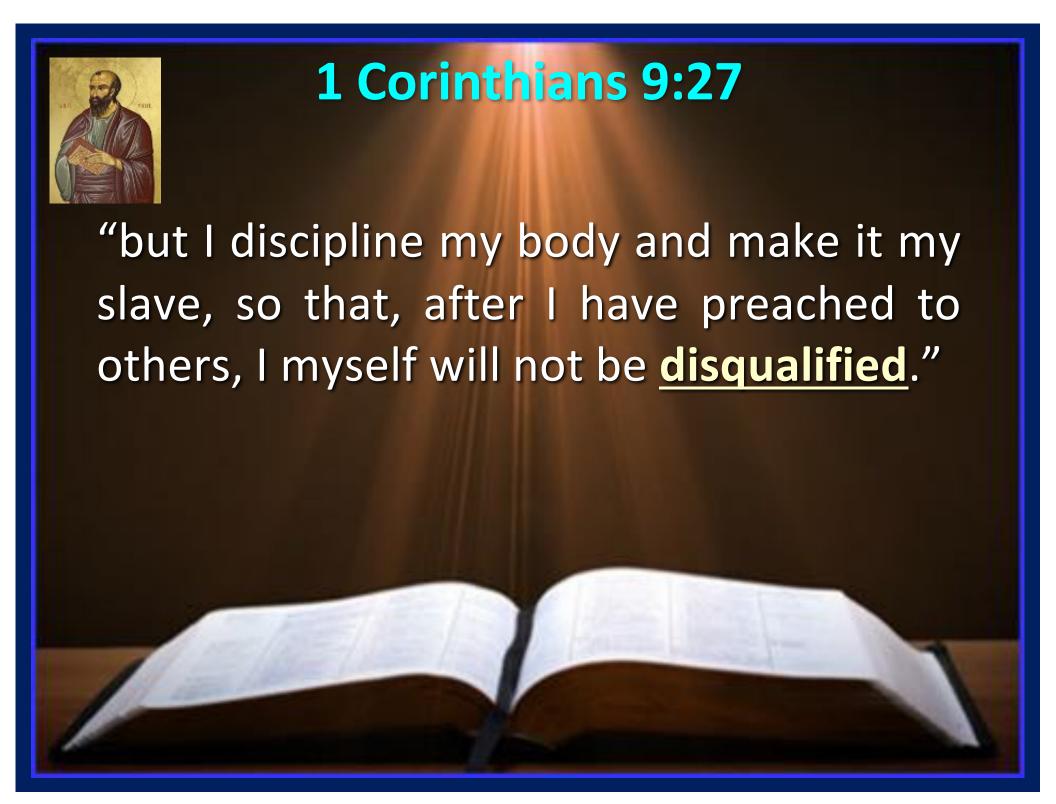


Hebrews 6:7–12 (NIV)

⁷ Land that drinks in the rain often falling on it and that produces a crop useful to those for whom it is farmed receives the blessing of God. ⁸ But **land** that produces thorns and thistles is worthless and is in danger of being cursed. In the end it will be burned. Even though we speak like this, dear friends, we are convinced of better things in your case the things that have to do with salvation. ¹⁰ God is not unjust; he will not forget your work and the love you have shown him as you have helped his people and continue to help them. ¹¹ We want each of you to show this same diligence to the very end, so that what you hope for may be fully realized. ¹² We do not want you to become lazy, but to imitate those who through faith and patience inherit what has been promised.







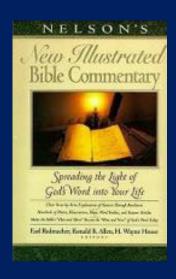




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Hebrews 6:7-12 (NASB95)

⁷ For ground that drinks the rain which often falls on it and brings forth vegetation useful to those for whose sake it is also tilled, receives a blessing from God; ⁸ but if it yields thorns and thistles, it is worthless and close to being cursed, and it ends up being burned. 9 But, beloved, we are convinced of better things concerning you, and things that accompany salvation, though we are speaking in this way. 10 For God is not unjust so as to forget your work and the love which you have shown toward His name, in having ministered and in still ministering to the saints. 11 And we desire that each one of you show the same diligence so as to realize the full assurance of hope until the end, ¹² so that you will not be sluggish, but imitators of those who through faith and patience inherit the promises.

Zane Hodges

Professor NT Greek and Exegesis- Dallas Theological Seminary



"Naturally the reference to 'burned' has caused many to think of hell, but there is nothing in the text to suggest this...to think of hell here is to betray inattention to the imagery employed by the author. The burning of a field to destroy the rank growth it had produced was a practice known in ancient times. Its aim was not the destruction of the field itself (which, of course, the fire could not effect), but the destruction of the unwanted produce of the field. Thereafter the field might be serviceable for cultivation."

Zane Hodges, "Hebrews," in *The Bible Knowledge Commentary*, ed. John F. Walvoord and Roy B. Zuck (Wheaton: Victor, 1983), 795-96.

Elder Pliny

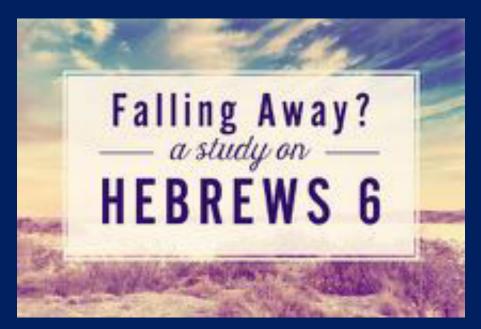
Elder Pliny (AD 112) furnishes extrabiblical evidence of this practice when he says, "...some people also set fire to the stubble in the field...their chief reason, however, for this plan is to burn up the seed of weeds."

Elder Pliny, Natural History, 18:72:300.

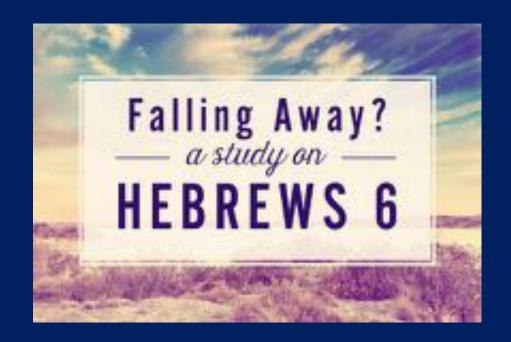
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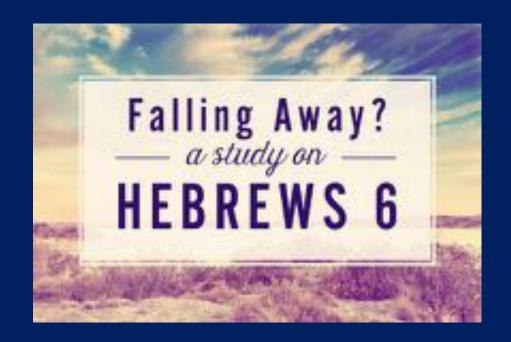
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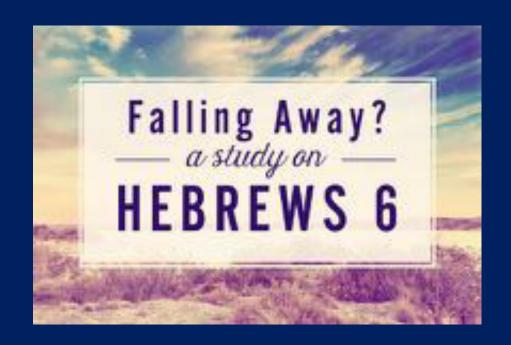
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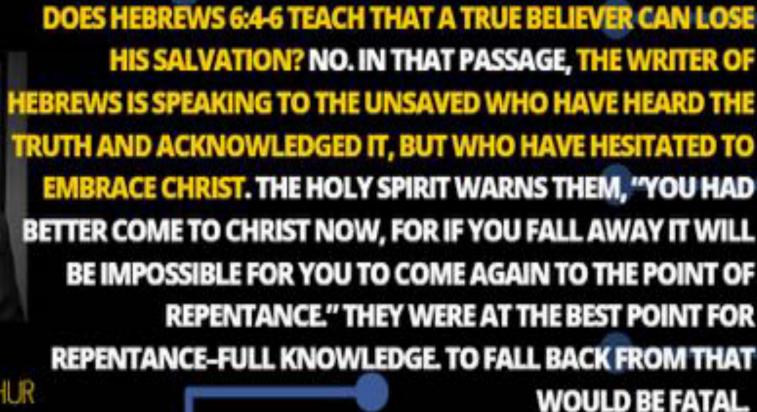
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CAN A TRUE BELIEVER LOSE THEIR SALVATION?







Reformed Spirit

MACARTHUR NEW TESTAMENT COMMENTARY ON HEBREWS, P. 146.

Heb. 6:4-6 (NASB)

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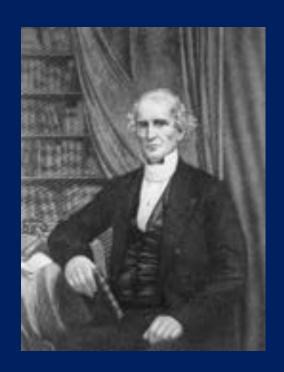
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Albert Barnes



"...and it seems plain to me, that no other interpretation would ever have been thought of, if this view had not seemed to conflict with the doctrine of the 'perseverance of the saints.'"

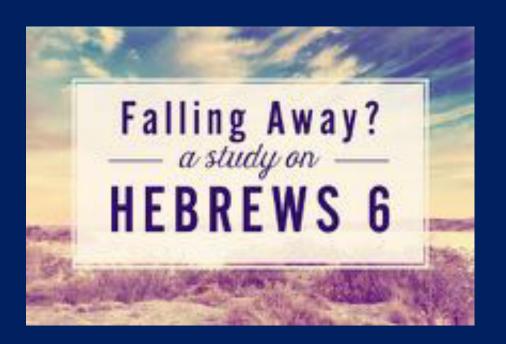
Albert Barnes, *Notes, Explanatory and Practical, on the Epistle to the Hebrews* (New York: Harper and Brothers Publishers, 1854), 134.

Zane Hodges



"The assertion that such a failure is not possible for a regenerate person is a **theological proposition** which is not supported by the New Testament...'"

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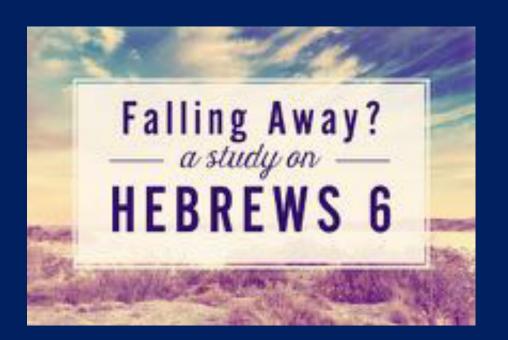




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Charles Ryrie,

Ryrie Study Bible,

Page 1521

"Others understand the passage to be a warning to genuine believers to urge them on in Christian growth and maturity. To 'fall away' is impossible (since, according to this view, true believers are eternally secure), but the phrase is placed in the sentence to strengthen the warning. It is similar to saying something like this to a class of students: 'It is impossible for a student, once enrolled in this course, if he turns the clock back [which cannot be done, to start the course over. Therefore, let all students go on to deeper knowledge.' In this view the phrases in verses 4-5 are understood to refer to the conversion experience."



Conclusion

- I. The Exodus Generation
 - A. Believing status
 - B. Loss of Canaan
- II. The Hebrews
 - A. Believing status
 - B. Loss of blessings
- III. Inadequate alternatives
 - A. Calvinism/Reformed
 - B. Arminianism
 - C. Hypothetical

