Genesis 12–50 Israel's Birth & Preservation

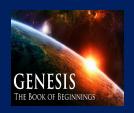




Dr. Andy Woods

Senior Pastor – Sugar Land Bible Church President – Chafer Theological Seminary

GENESIS STRUCTURE



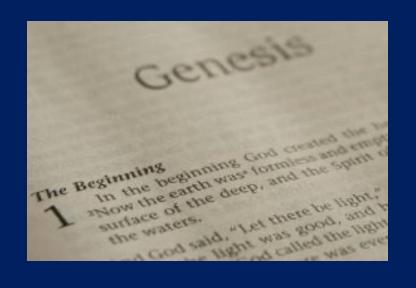
II. Genesis 12-50 (four people)

A. Abraham (12:1–25:11)

B. Isaac (25:12–26:35)

C. Jacob (27–36)

D. Joseph (37–50)





Beginning Themes

Genesis

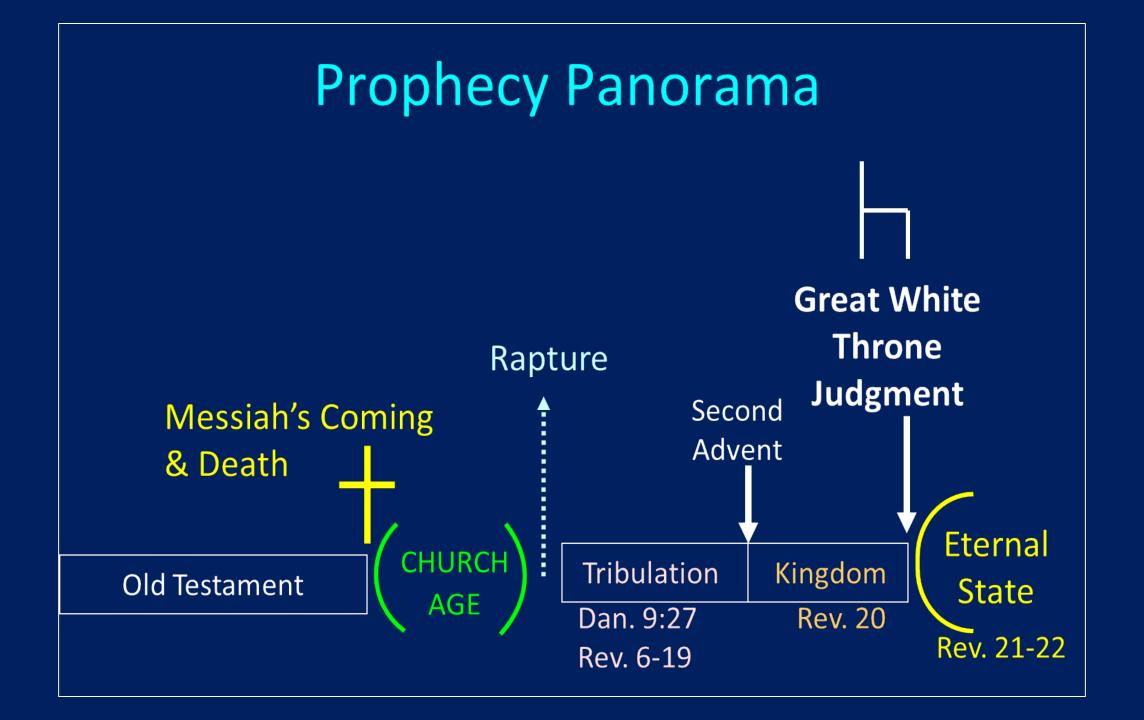
- Universe
- Life
- Man
- Marriage
- Evil
- Clothing

- Religion
- Salvation
- Language
- Government
- Nations
- Israel

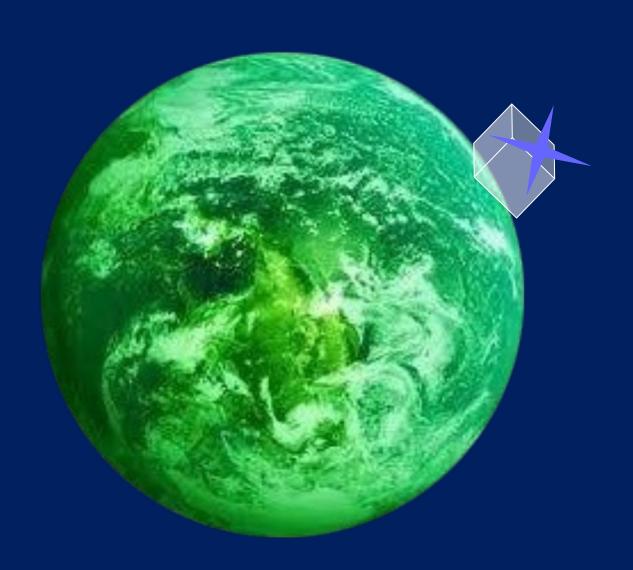
Distinctions Between 144,000 & Multitude

144,000 **MULTITUDE Revelation 7:1-8** Revelation 7:9-17 **Innumerable** Numbered All nations **Jews Sealed** Slain Sealed before the Tribulation Converted out of the Tribulation

Hitchcock and Ice, The Truth Behind Left Behind, 77

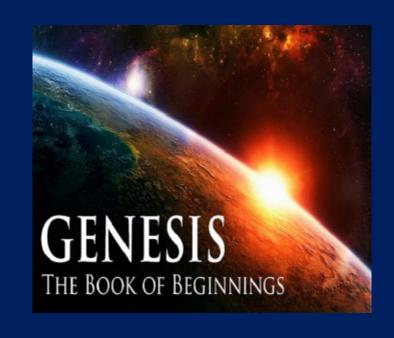


Jerusalem Descending

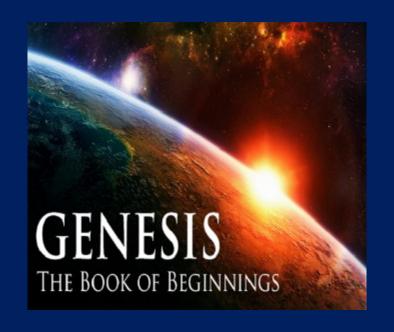




- Leah's 4 sons (29:31-35)
- II. Bilhah's 2 sons (30:1-8)
- III. Zilpah's 2 sons (30:9-13)
- IV. Leah's 2 sons & daughter (30:14-21)
- V. Rachel's first son (30:22-24)

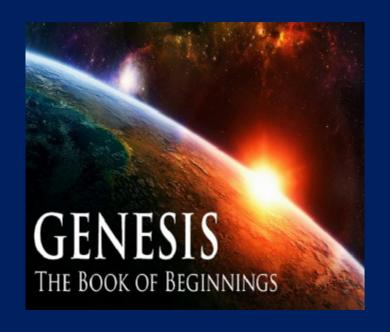


- Leah's 4 sons (29:31-35)
- II. Bilhah's 2 sons (30:1-8)
- III. Zilpah's 2 sons (30:9-13)
- IV. Leah's 2 sons & daughter (30:14-21)
- V. Rachel's first son (30:22-24)

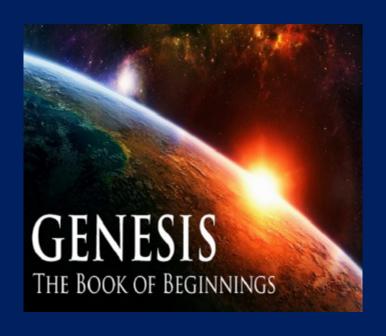


B. Genesis 29:32-35a Leah's Four Sons

- 1. Reuben's birth (32)
- 2. Simeon's birth (33)
- 3. Levi's birth (34)
- 4. Judah's birth (35a)

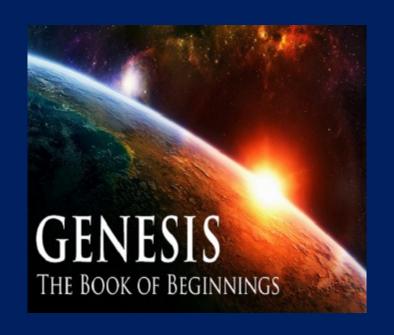


- Leah's 4 sons (29:31-35)
- II. Bilhah's 2 sons (30:1-8)
- III. Zilpah's 2 sons (30:9-13)
- IV. Leah's 2 sons & daughter (30:14-21)
- V. Rachel's first son (30:22-24)

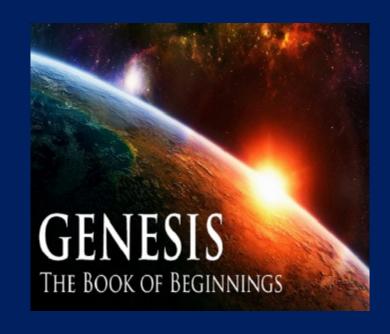


II. Genesis 30:1-8 Bilhah's 2 Sons

- A. Rachael's complaint (1)
- B. Jacob's response (2)
- C. Rachel's offer (3)
- D. Consummation (4)
- E. Conception (5)
- F. <u>Name: Dan (6)</u>
- **G**. Second conception (7)
- H. Name: Naphtali (8)



- Leah's 4 sons (29:31-35)
- II. Bilhah's 2 sons (30:1-8)
- III. Zilpah's 2 sons (30:9-13)
- IV. Leah's 2 sons & daughter (30:14-21)
- V. Rachel's first son (30:22-24)



III. Genesis 30:9-13 Zilpah's 2 Sons

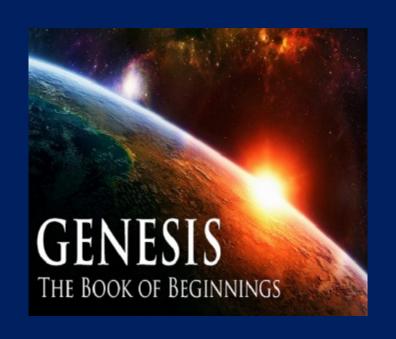
A. Leah's offer (9)

B. Birth (10)

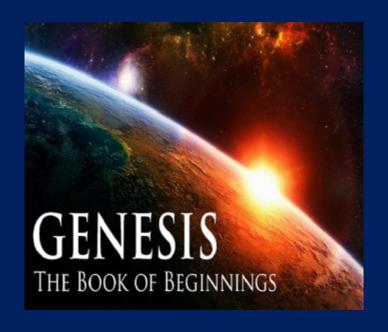
C. Name: Gad (11)

D. Second birth (12)

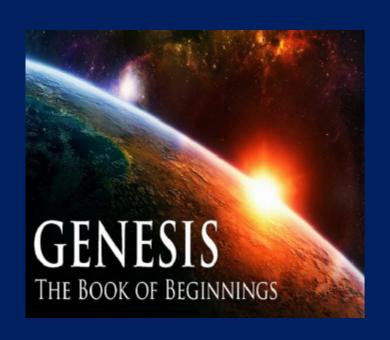
E. Name: Asher (13)



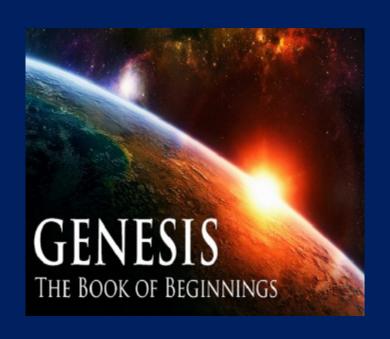
- Leah's 4 sons (29:31-35)
- II. Bilhah's 2 sons (30:1-8)
- III. Zilpah's 2 sons (30:9-13)
- IV. Leah's 2 sons & daughter (30:14-21)
- V. Rachel's first son (30:22-24)



- **A.** Mandrakes (14-15)
- B. Consummation (16)
- C. Leah's fifth son (17)
- D. Name: Issachar (18)
- E. Leah's sixth son (19)
- F. Name: Zebulun (20)
- G. Leah's daughter: Dina (21)



- **A.** Mandrakes (14-15)
- B. Consummation (16)
- C. Leah's fifth son (17)
- D. Name: Issachar (18)
- E. Leah's sixth son (19)
- F. Name: Zebulun (20)
- G. Leah's daughter: Dina (21)





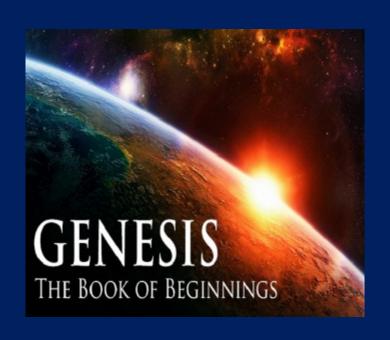
Dr. Arnold G. Fruchtenbaum



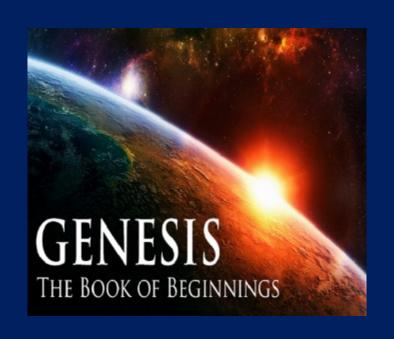
The Book of Genesis, 451

"Leah again begins to bear children, with verses 14-16 giving the background concerning the mandrakes. Verse 14a records Reuben's gift. The timing was: Reuben went out in the days of wheat harvest, which would make it around the months of May and June. The result was: and found mandrakes in the field. In Hebrew, the word for mandrakes is dudaim, literally meaning 'love apples.' These are berries that have white and reddish blossoms and a yellow fruit similar to small apples. It is mentioned in Song of Solomon 7:13 and was considered an aphrodisiac; and, therefore, the Hebrew root is the same as the Hebrew word for 'lover.'...based on it being a sexual stimulant."

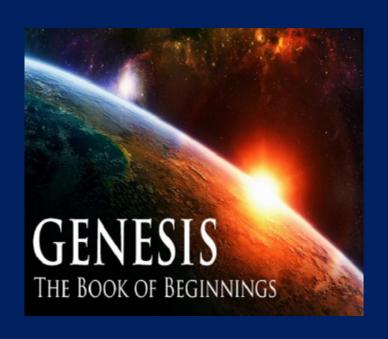
- **A.** Mandrakes (14-15)
- B. Consummation (16)
- C. Leah's fifth son (17)
- D. Name: Issachar (18)
- E. Leah's sixth son (19)
- F. Name: Zebulun (20)
- G. Leah's daughter: Dina (21)



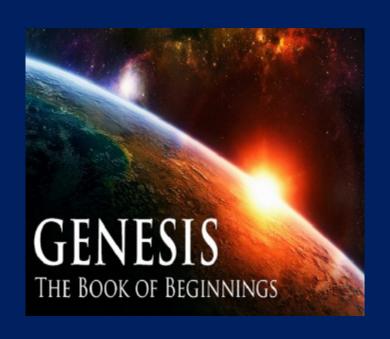
- **A.** Mandrakes (14-15)
- B. Consummation (16)
- C. Leah's fifth son (17)
- D. Name: Issachar (18)
- E. Leah's sixth son (19)
- F. Name: Zebulun (20)
- G. Leah's daughter: Dina (21)



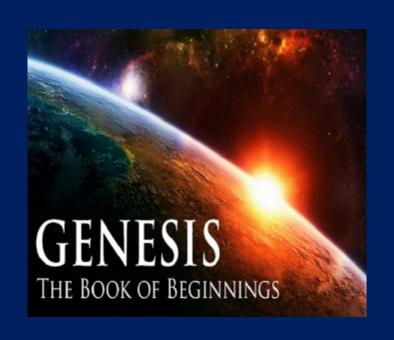
- **A.** Mandrakes (14-15)
- B. Consummation (16)
- C. Leah's fifth son (17)
- D. Name: Issachar (18)
- E. Leah's sixth son (19)
- F. Name: Zebulun (20)
- G. Leah's daughter: Dina (21)



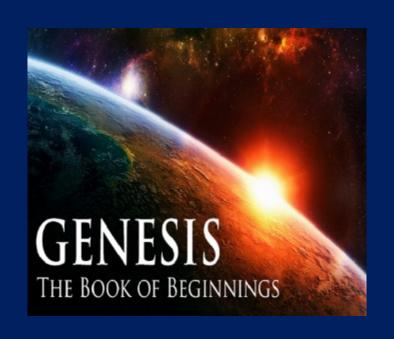
- **A.** Mandrakes (14-15)
- B. Consummation (16)
- C. Leah's fifth son (17)
- D. Name: Issachar (18)
- E. Leah's sixth son (19)
- F. Name: Zebulun (20)
- G. Leah's daughter: Dina (21)

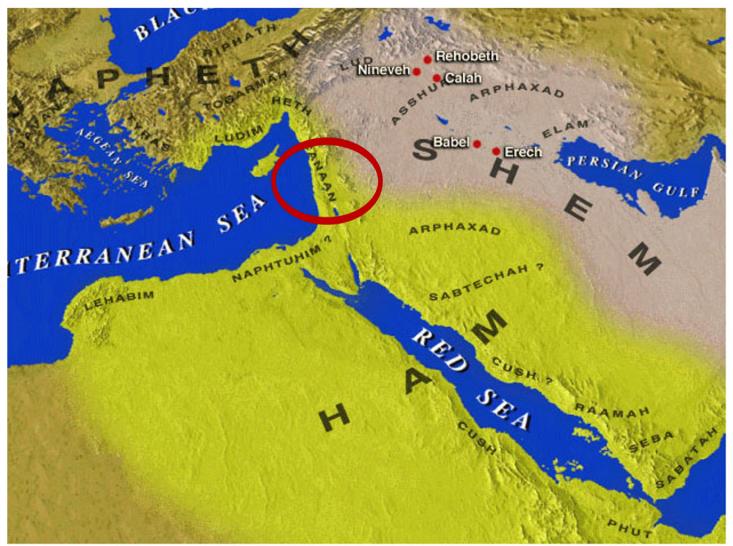


- **A.** Mandrakes (14-15)
- B. Consummation (16)
- C. Leah's fifth son (17)
- D. Name: Issachar (18)
- E. Leah's sixth son (19)
- F. Name: Zebulun (20)
- G. Leah's daughter: Dina (21)



- **A.** Mandrakes (14-15)
- B. Consummation (16)
- C. Leah's fifth son (17)
- D. Name: Issachar (18)
- E. Leah's sixth son (19)
- F. Name: Zebulun (20)
- G. Leah's daughter: Dina (21)



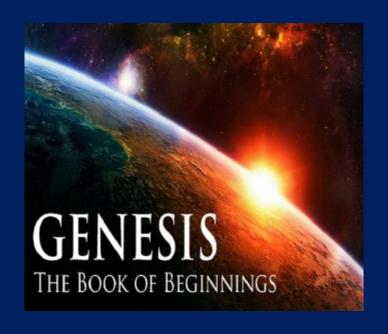


Geographical Distribution Of The Sons Of Noah

The three sons of Noah migrated to different areas. The Semites occupied the Tigris–Euphrates valley and most of Arabia; the Japhethites moved north, around the Black Sea, and even west to Spain; the Hamites went south into lower Asia Minor, coastal Syria and Palestine, and the Red Sea coast of Arabia, but principally into Africa.

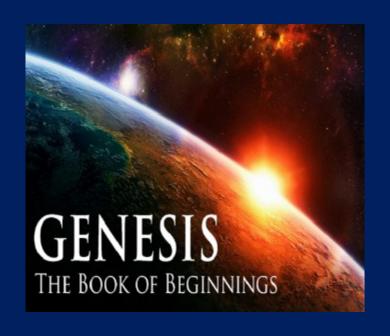
Taken from The NKJV Study Bible. @1997, 2007 by Thomas Nelson, Inc. Used by Permission.

- Leah's 4 sons (29:31-35)
- II. Bilhah's 2 sons (30:1-8)
- III. Zilpah's 2 sons (30:9-13)
- IV. Leah's 2 sons & daughter (30:14-21)
- V. Rachel's first son (30:22-24)



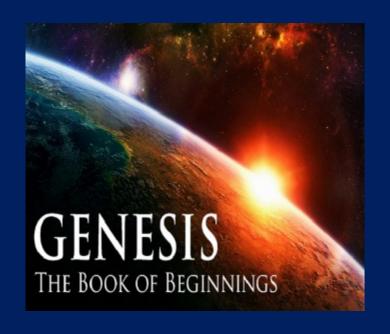
V. Genesis 30:22-24 Rachel's First Son

- A. God's providence (22)
- B. Rachel's first natural son (23a)
- C. Name: Joseph (23b-24)



V. Genesis 30:22-24 Rachel's First Son

- A. God's providence (22)
- B. Rachel's first natural son (23a)
- **C.** Name: Joseph (23b-24)





Dr. Arnold G. Fruchtenbaum



The Book of Genesis, 175

"The turning point begins with the remembrance of God in verse 1a: And God remembered Noah, and all the beasts, and all the cattle that were with him in the ark. The word remember does not mean remember in the sense that God temporarily forgot about the ark and its inhabitants; rather it means remembering in the sense of movement toward the object. For example, in Genesis 19:29, God remembered Abraham with a view to saving Lot; in Exodus 2:24, God remembered His covenant with the Patriarchs with a view to rescuing Israel; in Jeremiah 2:2, God remembered Israel with a view toward her restoration; in . . .



Dr. Arnold G. Fruchtenbaum

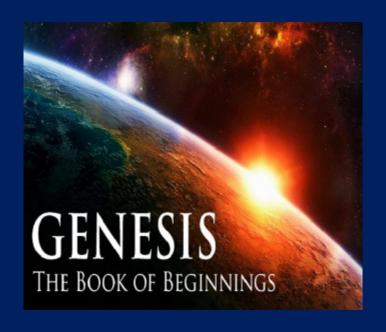


The Book of Genesis, 175

...Jeremiah 31:20, God remembered Ephraim with a view toward extending mercy to him; and in Luke 1:54-55, God remembered Israel with a view toward sending the Messiah to Israel. Furthermore, the sense was that of God remembering a covenant; although in this case the covenant itself had not yet been made. He said earlier in chapter 6, that He would establish His covenant with Noah. Furthermore, in 7:4 God remembered that the rain would only last forty days. All these usages fit into the word 'remember.'"

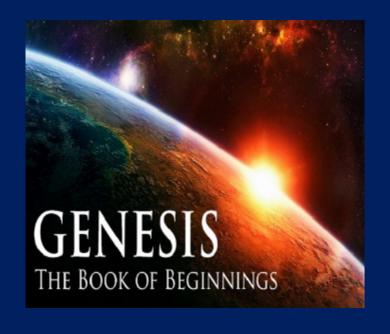
V. Genesis 30:22-24 Rachel's First Son

- A. God's providence (22)
- B. Rachel's first natural son (23a)
- C. Name: Joseph (23b-24)

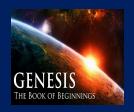


V. Genesis 30:22-24 Rachel's First Son

- A. God's providence (22)
- B. Rachel's first natural son (23a)
- C. Name: Joseph (23b-24)



GENESIS STRUCTURE



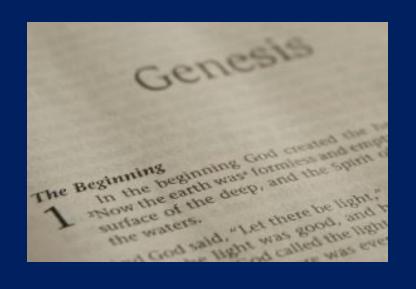
II. Genesis 12-50 (four people)

A. Abraham (12:1–25:11)

B. Isaac (25:12–26:35)

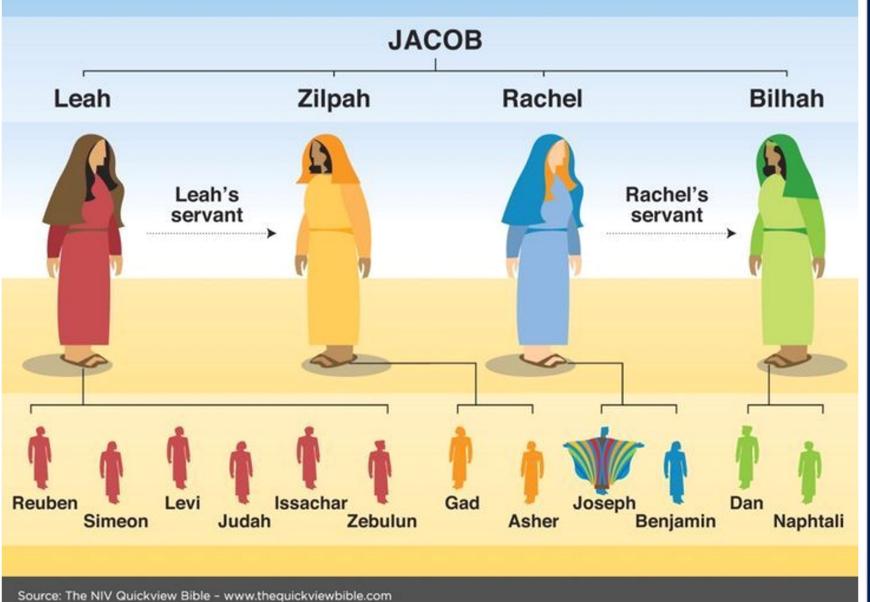
C. Jacob (27–36)

D. Joseph (37–50)



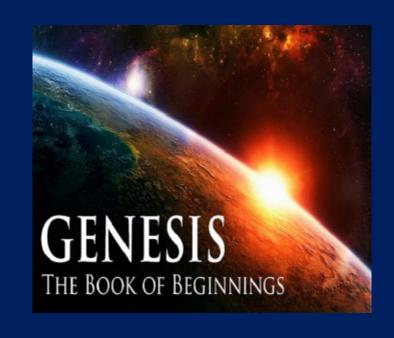


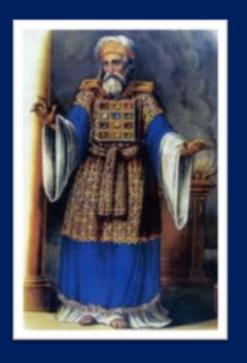
Jacob's Family



Conclusion

- Leah's 4 sons (29:31-35)
- II. Bilhah's 2 sons (30:1-8)
- III. Zilpah's 2 sons (30:9-13)
- IV. Leah's 2 sons & daughter (30:14-21)
- V. Rachel's first son (30:22-24)







²⁴ The LORD bless you, and keep you; ²⁵ The LORD make His face shine on you, And be gracious to you; ²⁶ The LORD lift up His countenance on you, And give you peace.

Numbers 6:24–26 (NASB95)