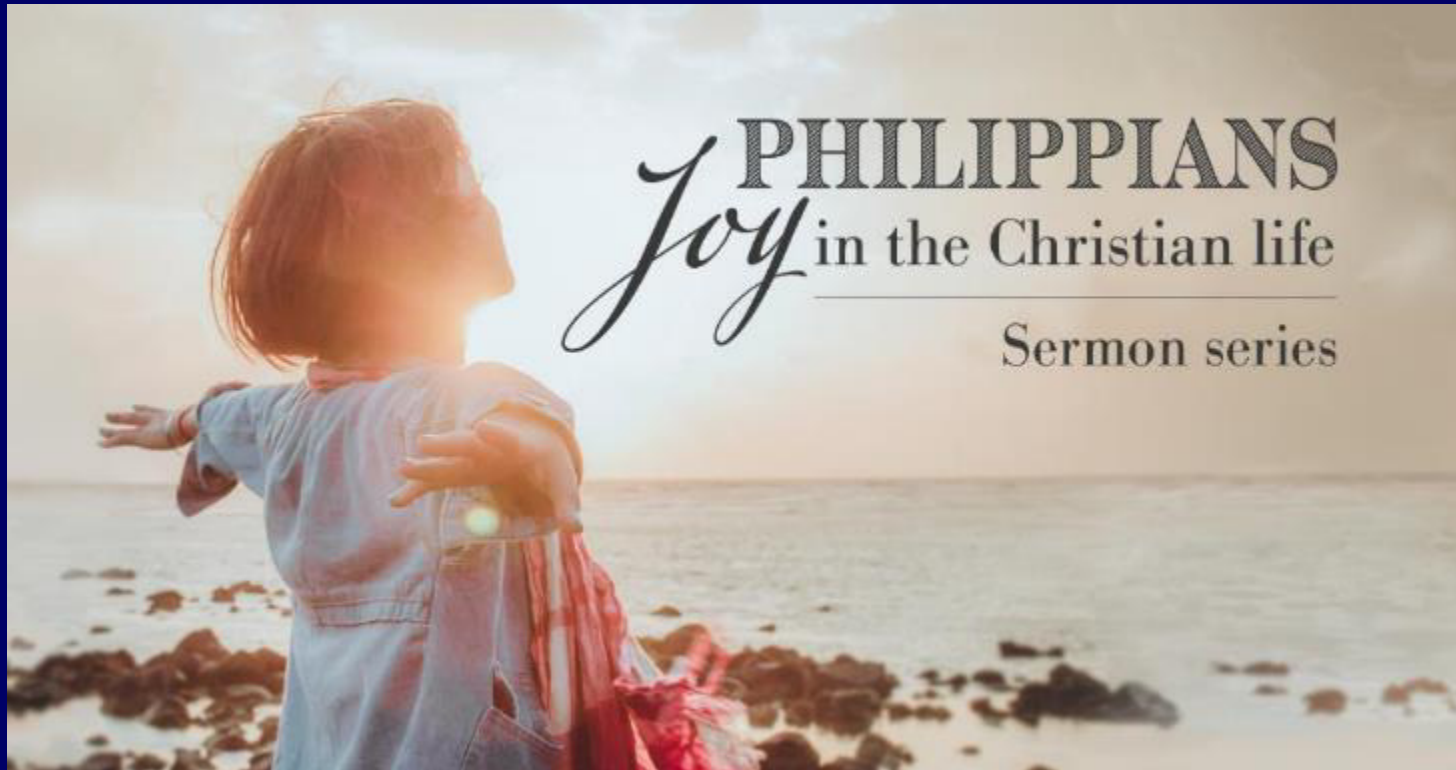


HOW TO FIND JOY IN THE CHRISTIAN LIFE



Dr. Andy Woods

Senior Pastor – Sugar Land Bible Church

President – Chafer Theological Seminary

Answering Ten Questions



- 1) Who wrote it? – **Paul**
- 2) To Whom was it written? – **The Believers at Philippi**
- 3) Where was it written from? – **Rome**
- 4) When was it written? – **A.D. 62**
- 5) What was the book's occasion? – **Five contacts**
- 6) Who are the opponents? – **Four opponents threatening joy**
- 7) What is the book's purpose? – **To give joy during adversity**
- 8) How is it organized (outline)? – **Four- part outline**
- 9) What is it about? – **Joy during adverstiy**
- 10) What makes the book different? – **Personal & informal**

Outline

- Ch 1 – God can use negative circumstances to bring about positive results
- Ch 2 – Christ's example of servanthood
- Ch 3 – Avoiding legalism
- Ch 4 – Reliance upon Christ's strength for daily life



Outline

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4 Positive Results of Imprisonment

(Phil. 1:12-30)

1. Captive audience (Phil. 1:12-13)
2. Church's boldness in preaching (Phil. 1:14-18)
3. Greater prayer (Phil. 1:19)
4. Protection from martyrdom (Phil. 1:20-26)



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4 Examples of Humble Service

(Phil. 2)

1. Christ (Phil. 2:5-16)
2. Paul (Phil. 2:17-18)
3. Timothy (Phil. 2:19-24)
4. Epaphroditus (Phil. 2:25-30)



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Avoid Legalism

(Phil. 3)

1. Legalists vs. true believers (Phil. 3:1-3)
2. Paul's transition away from legalism (Phil. 3:4-14)
3. Other items to embrace in lieu of legalism (Phil. 3:15–4:3)



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Draw Upon the Divine Resources for Daily life

(Phil. 4)

- Peace (Phil. 4:4-9)
- Contentment (Phil. 4:10-13)
- Provision (Phil. 4:14-19)



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Provision

(Phil. 4:14–19)

- I. Paul's Thankfulness for Generosity (Phil. 4:14-16)
- II. God's Reward for Generosity (Phil. 4:17)
- III. Sacrificial Worship = Generosity (Phil. 4:18)
- IV. God's provision for generosity (Phil. 4:19)



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Second Missionary Journey

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- III. Sacrificial Worship = Generosity (Phil. 4:18)
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God's Reward for the Giver

(Phil. 4:17)

- Proverbs 11:24-25
- Luke 6:38
- Acts 20:7
- Hebrews 11:6



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(Phil. 4:14–19)

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Occasion

1. News of Paul's imprisonment reaches Philippi
2. Epaphroditus comes from Philippi to Rome
3. Word of Epaphroditus' sickness reaches Philippi
4. Some Philippians came to Rome to express concern over Epaphroditus' condition
5. Epaphroditus returns to Philippi



Spiritual Sacrifices

- Body – Rom. 12:1
- Praise – Heb. 13:15
- Good works – Phil. 2:17; 4:18
- Financial giving – Heb. 13:16



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God's Provision for the Giver

(Phil. 4:19)

- Exodus 16
- 1 Kings 17:2-6
- Psalm 37:25
- Matthew 6:25-34



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God's Provision for the Giver

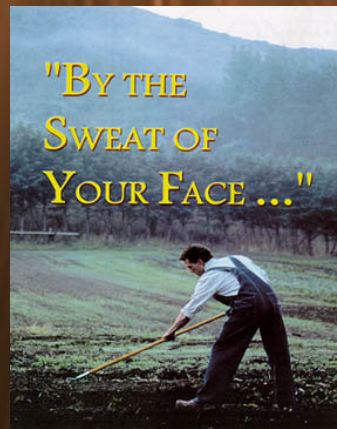
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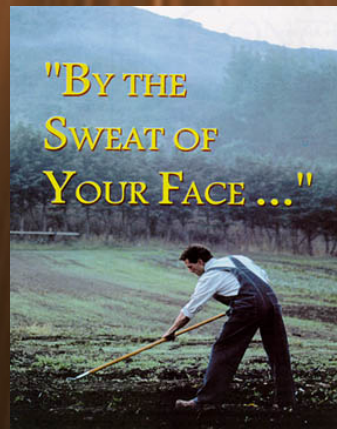
Genesis 3:19

“By the sweat of your face You will eat bread,
Till you return to the ground, Because from it
you were taken; For you are dust, And to dust
you shall return.”



2 Thessalonians 3:10

“For even when we were with you, we used to give you this order: if anyone is not willing to work, then he is not to eat, either.”



God's Provision for the Giver

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Conclusion

(Phil. 4:20–23)

- I. Doxology (Phil. 4:20)
- II. Greeting (Phil. 4:21-22)
- III. Benediction (Phil. 4:23)



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Dispensational Theology is a System of Theology

Traditional-normative dispensational theology is a system that embodies three essential, fundamental concepts called the **sine qua non** (lit. “without which is not”):

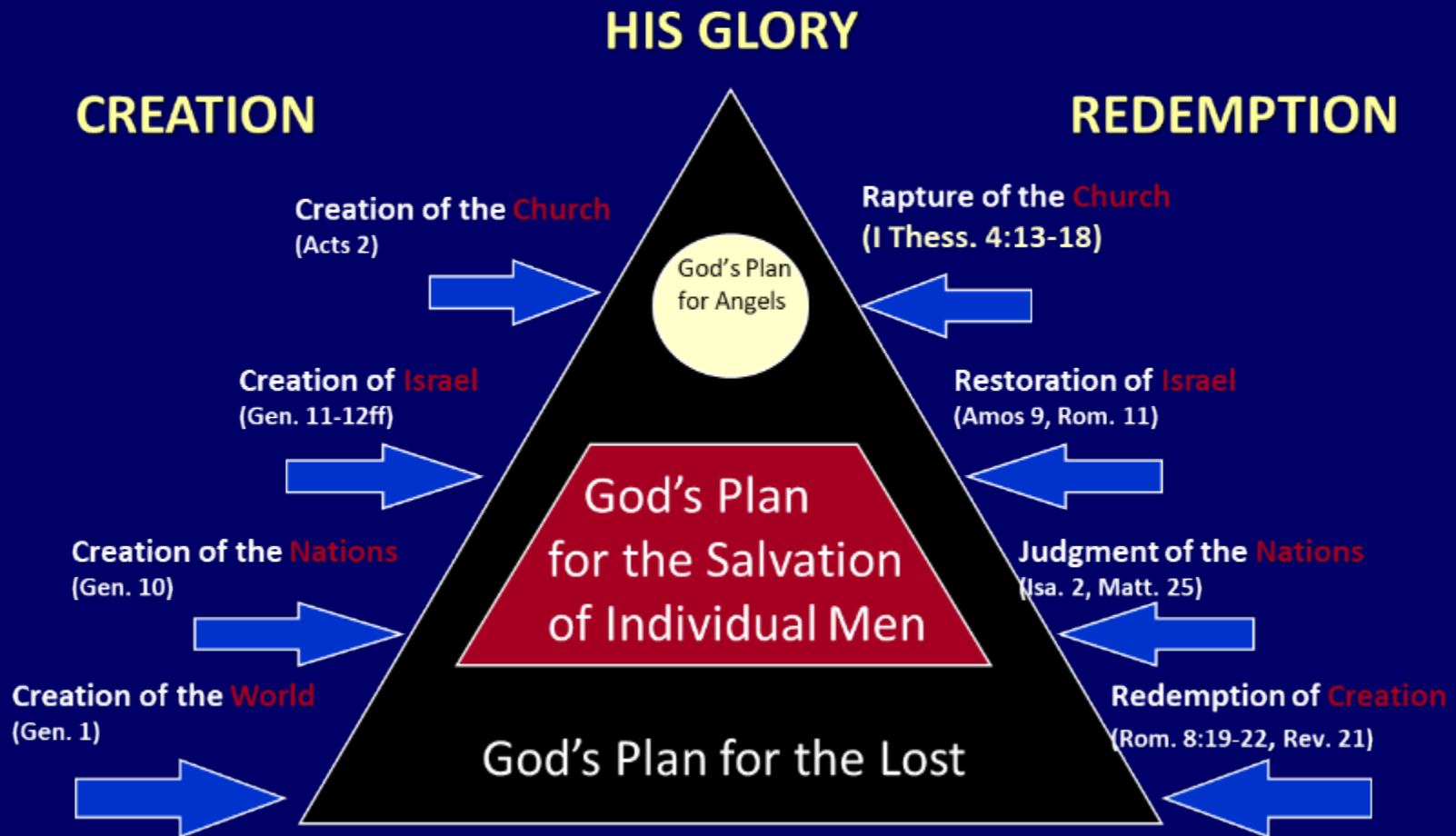
1. The **consistent** use of a plain, normal, literal, grammatical-historical method of interpretation;
2. Which reveals that the **Church is distinct from Israel**;
3. God’s overall purpose is to bring **glory to Himself** (Eph. 1:6, 12, 14).

Doxological Purpose

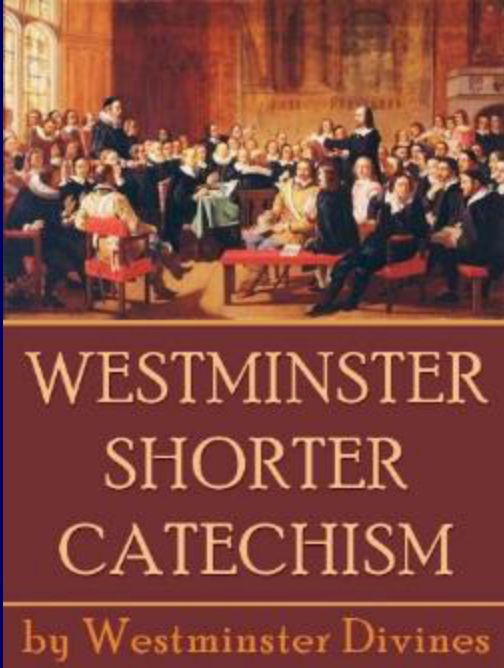
- A. God's ultimate purpose for the ages is to glorify Himself. Scripture is not human-centered, as though salvation were the principle point, but God-centered, because His glory is at the center.

- B. The glory of God is the primary principle that unifies all dispensations, the program of salvation being just one of the means by which God glorifies Himself. Each successive revelation of God's plan for the ages, as well as His dealing with the elect, non-elect, angels, and nations all manifest His glory.

THE FOCUS ON THE GLORY OF GOD IN DISPENSATIONALISM



Westminster Shorter Catechism



Q. 1. What is the chief end of man?

A. Man's chief end is to glorify God, and to enjoy Him forever.

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Conclusion

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Conclusion

Message

Joy in the midst of adverse circumstances is possible as believers understand that God uses adversity to bring about positive results, follow Christ's example of servanthood, avoid legalism, and draw upon divine resources for daily life



Outline



CHAPTER 1

- God can use negative circumstances to bring about positive results

CHAPTER 2

- Christ's example of servanthood

CHAPTER 3

- Avoiding legalism

CHAPTER 4

- Reliance upon Christ's strength for daily life



“The LORD bless you and keep you; the LORD make his face shine on you and be gracious to you; the LORD turn his face toward you and give you peace.” (NIV)